

## TDS Fonction holo

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow 0} |H_R'| \leq \int_0^\pi \frac{R^2 - a^2}{R^2 + a^2} e^{R \sin(\theta)} d\theta \xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty} 0 \quad (\text{cf exemple } \dots)$$

$$H_R^3 = -i \int_0^\pi \frac{e^{2i\theta} - R^2 a^2}{e^{2i\theta} + R^2 a^2} e^{\frac{ie^{i\theta}}{R}} d\theta$$

$$\lim_{a \rightarrow 0}: \frac{e^{2i\theta} - R^2 a^2}{e^{2i\theta} + R^2 a^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{R^2 a^2} e^{2i\theta} - 1}{\frac{e^{2i\theta}}{R^2 a^2} + 1} = \left( \frac{1}{R^2 a^2} e^{2i\theta} - 1 \right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{e^{2i\theta}}{R^2 a^2} \right)^n$$

$$e^{\frac{ie^{i\theta}}{R}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left( \frac{ie^{i\theta}}{R} \right)^n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{D'au: } H_R^3 &= -i \int_0^\pi \left( \frac{1}{R^2 a^2} e^{2i\theta} - 1 \right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{e^{2i\theta}}{R^2 a^2} \right)^n \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \left( \frac{ie^{i\theta}}{R} \right)^n d\theta \\ &= -i \int_0^\pi \left( \frac{1}{R^2 a^2} e^{2i\theta} - 1 \right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{2in\theta}}{R^{2n} a^{2n}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(i)^n}{n!} \frac{1}{R^n} e^{in\theta} d\theta \end{aligned}$$

le produit de Cauchy nous donne donc:

$$H_R^3 = -i \int_0^\pi \left( \frac{e^{2i\theta}}{R^2 a^2} - 1 \right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n e^{2in\theta} d\theta$$

$$a_n = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(i)^k}{k!} \frac{1}{R^{2k}} - \frac{1}{(R^2 a^2)^{n-k}}$$

$$H_R^3 = -i \underbrace{\int_0^\pi \frac{1}{R^2 a^2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n e^{2i\theta(n+1)} d\theta}_{\xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty} 0} + i \int_0^\pi \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n e^{2i\theta n} d\theta$$

$$\simeq i\pi + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \frac{1}{2in} \left[ e^{2i\theta(n+1)} \right]_0^\pi \simeq i\pi$$

Par le théorème des résidus:

$$J_a^R = \int_{\gamma_R} \frac{z^2 - a^2}{z^2 + a^2} \frac{e^{iz}}{z} dz = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}(f, ia)$$